

RC UPDATE



2023 KPI UPDATE

7.2 Split of trucks used 6		
7.2 Split of trucks used for chemical transport as at 31- 12-2023 (BY FUEL TYPE) Diesel (inc Bio-blend up to 701)		
Diesel (inc Bio-blend up to 7%)	Number	
100% Biofuel HVO		D
	- Subcontractors!	· creentages (includ
LBG/Biomethane	921	Subcontractorel
Total	0	99.00%
	7	0.00%
8. EMISSIONS (OBLIGATORY for 2023 report)	0	1.00%
OBLIGATORY for 2022	928	0.00%
3.1 Emission Kry	328	100
3.1 Emission KPI's	7/1	100.00%

KPI forms received by published deadline = 48 (75%)

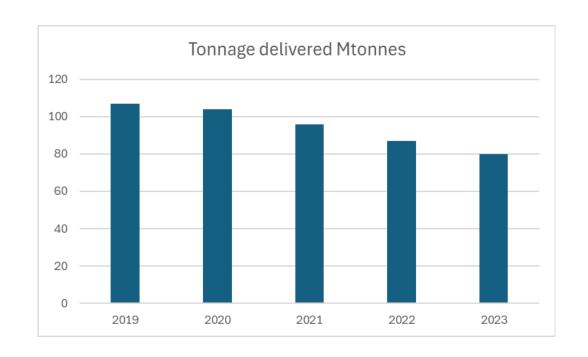
• KPI forms received by extended dead in Forms 18.8 5,026,09 43,026

• Next year there will be no extension to February deadline

CITIES TO THE CONTROL OF LOT	I Y GCGGHIC
Shortsea	CO2e in Tonnes
Barge/Inland Waterways	62,948.33
	21,965.37
8.3 CO ₂ e Intensity per Mode:	9,568.72
Road incl. Pre- and On-Carriage	0.00
Rail Carriage	
Shortsea	(grams CO2e / tkm)
Barge/Inland Waterways	35,48
- waterways	7.30
8.4 Share of total co-	10.84
8.4 Share of total CO2 emissions per transport mode: % of total emissions on road incl. Pre- and on second of total emissions on the control of total emissions on the cont	0.00
% of total emissions and incl. Pre- and a	
· 70 Of total	In %
% of total emissions on Rail	66.6%
% of total emissions on Barge/Inland Waterways	23.2%
- diel ways	10.1%
	0.0%



Tonnage delivered		
Year	Mtonnes	
2019	107	
2020	104	
2021	96	
2022	87	
2023	80	



Continued downward trend in volumes

Average payload has reduced slightly from 22.2 tonnes in 2022 to 22.0 tonnes in 2023



Shift to Int		
Year	% Road	% Inter
2019	47.8	52.2
2020	49.5	50.5
2021	52.6	47.4
2022	53.1	46.9
2023	54.6	45.4



Continued shift back to road

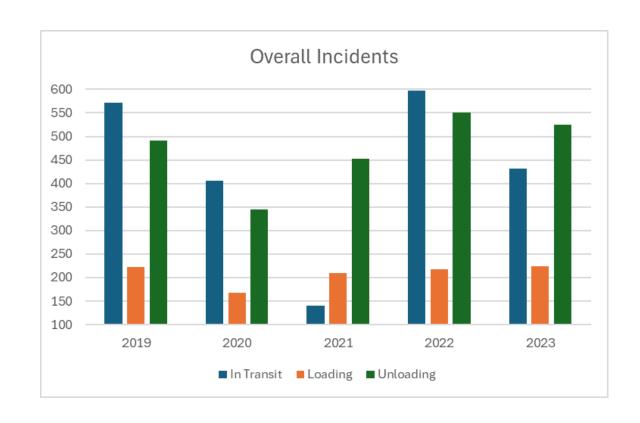






Overall ind	cidents		
Year	In Transit	Loading	Unloading
2019	571	223	491
2020	406	168	344
2021	140	210	452
2022	598	217	550
2023	431	224	525

Overall incidents			
	In Transit (per	Loading (per	Unloading (per
Year	M KMs)	1,000 orders)	1,000 orders)
2022	0.214	0.056	0.141
2023	0.185	0.061	0.143
	86%	109%	101%



Overall incidents in transit includes 23 rollovers for 2023

27 companies (40%) report zero injury incidents across all categories ???





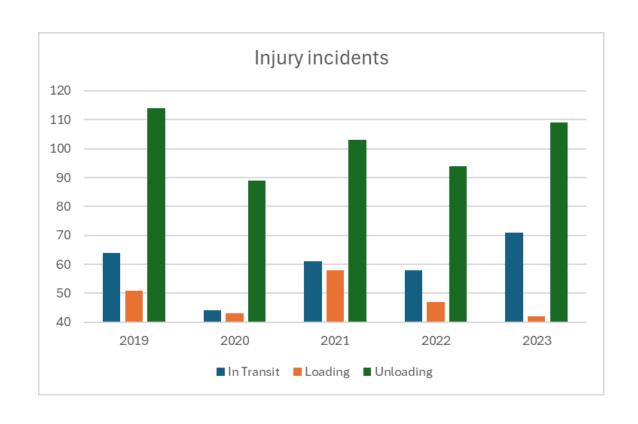




Injury incidents			
Year	In Transit	Loading	Unloading
2019	64	51	114
2020	44	43	89
2021	61	58	103
2022	58	47	94
2023	71	42	109

Injury incidents			
	In Transit (per	Loading (per	Unloading (per
Year	M KMs)	1,000 orders)	1,000 orders)
2022	0.021	0.012	0.024
2023	0.030	0.011	0.030
	143%	92%	125%





Continues to show most injuries happen during Unloading Injury incidents include 3 deaths in transit and 1 at unloading







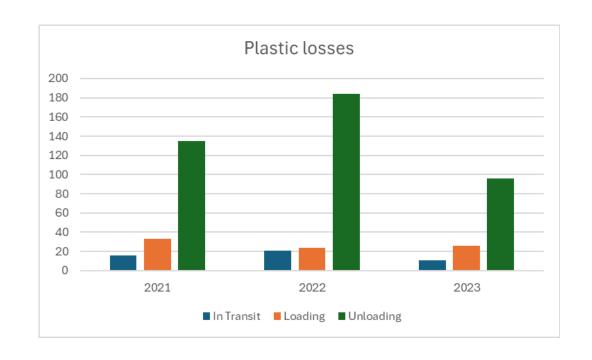
2023 FATALITIES

Fatalities reported in 2023

Туре	Country	Summary
		Car driver got out of his vehicle on a bend with no high
In Transit	Spain	visibility clothing and was hit by the truck. Corroborated by
		the authorities
In Transit	France	Car driver crashed head on into truck in an apparent suicide.
III II alisit	rialice	Dry road, sunshine & no braking
In Transit	Romania	Driver lost control of his vehicle due to a heart attack and
III II alisit	Nomania	died at the scene
		A non-integrated subcontractor fell whilst working on top of a
Linicading	Cnain	tank without a safety harness. Transport company have now
Unloading	Spain	fitted a safety line to all their tanks and insist that
		subcontractors do the same.



Plastic los	ses		
Year	In Transit	Loading	Unloading
2021	16	33	135
2022	21	24	184
2023	11	26	96
Plastic losses per million (dry bulk) KMs			KMs
Year	In Transit	Loading	Unloading
2023	0.010	0.025	0.091



Improvement on last two years









Vehicle fleets by engine type				
	202	23	202	22
Engine	Number	%	Number	%
Euro VI	11,470	92.1%	12,466	87.1%
Euro V	721	5.8%	1,512	10.6%
Euro I-IV	79	0.6%	125	0.9%
Alt fuel	182	1.5%	216	1.5%
TOTALS	12,452	100%	14,319	100%

Vehicle fleets by fuel type (2023 only)		
Fuel	%	
Diesel	95.66	
HVO	3.27	
Bio diesel	0.66	
Bio gas	0.42	

Alt fuel includes; LNG/CNG, Hydrogen, Electric, Hybrid



2023 TANK CLEANING KPIS

Summary

- Total cleanings = 289,977
- Water used = 590,100 cubic metres
- Water per cleaning = 2.035 cubic metres
- Injury incidents = 16
- Injuries per 1000 cleanings = 0.055
- Product loss incidents = 0
- Energy efficiency;
 - Electric (KWh/clean) = 21
 - Gas (M3/clean) = 20.5
 - Gasoil/Diesel (Litres/clean) = 15.4





2023 WAREHOUSING KPIS

Summary

- Tonnes in = 4,057,275
- Tonnes out = 4,039,005
- Trucks by fuel type;
 - Electric = 448 (56%)
 - LPG = 204 (25.5%)
 - Diesel = 146 (18.3%)
 - Alternative fuels = 2 (0.3%)
- Injury incidents = 26
- Injuries per 1000 tonnes despatched = 0.0064
- Product loss incidents = 1
- Product loss per 1000 tonnes despatched = 0.0012



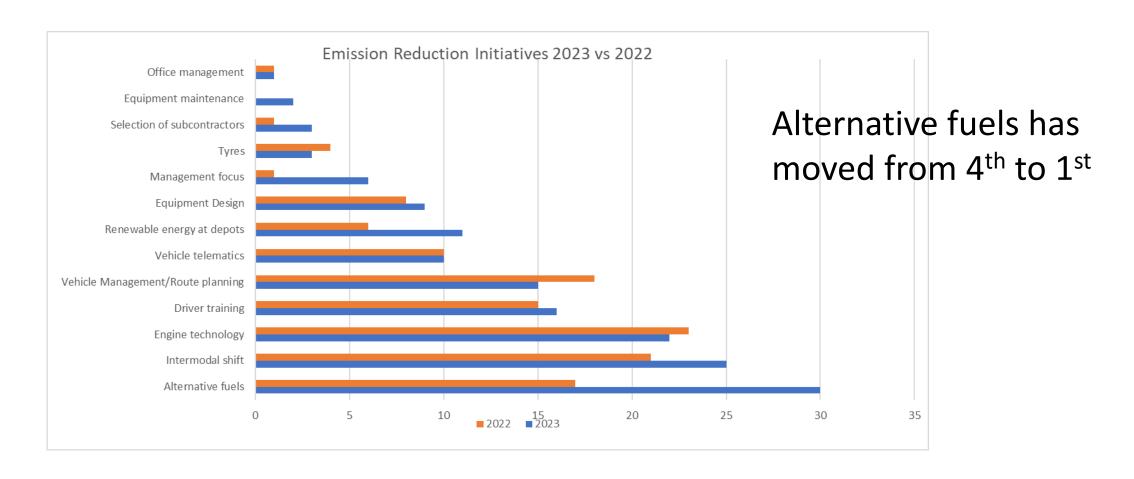




RC MEMBER EMISSION REDUCTION INITIATIVES 2023

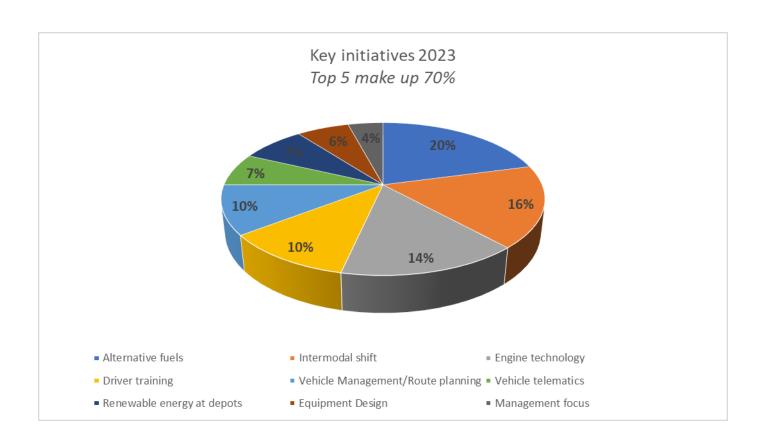


HIGHLIGHTS





HIGHLIGHTS



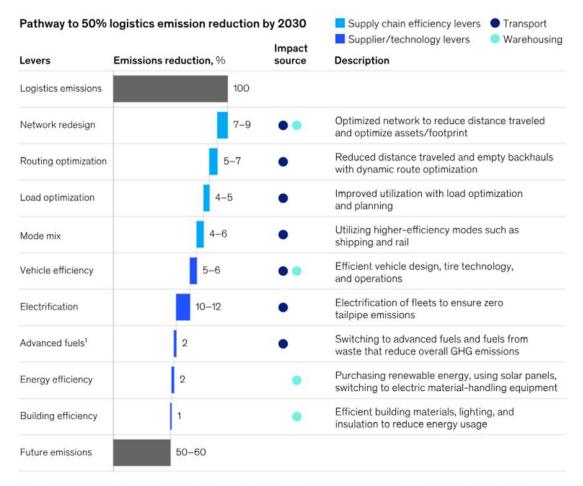
In 2022, the top 5 made up 75%





FOOD FOR THOUGHT?

Companies can achieve an average 40 to 50 percent reduction in logistics emissions using solutions available today.



Estimate based on existing advanced fuel technology. With emerging technologies, a significant portion of the future emissions estimate of 50-60% could be further reduced.



ZERO EMISSION KNOWLEDGE **PLATFORM**

May

October



Progress and challenges with the zero emission vehicle transition

A Zero Emissions Knowledge Platform Webinar



Performance monitoring of subcontractors

Registrants = 159 Speakers = Alan Lewis, Brecht Den Otter, Thies Grage Feedback 4.5/5 stars

Registrants = 146 Speakers = Thomas Fabian, Jan Schouten Feedback 4/5 stars

Webinar date = 15th October Speakers = Alain Delzenne, Justin Lemmens, Nick Van der Gaag







THE NEW RC KPI FORMS

- Key changes from 2023
- Incorporated changes to process based on feedback
- KPI Q&A after this workshop
- Blank forms & best practice example available on ECTA website from October
- Webinar on correct completion of forms in November

NO EXTENSION BEYOND FEBRUARY 2025 FOR SUBMISSION OF KPIS & IMPROVEMENT PLANS







OTHER ECTA team topics



ECTA codes : guideline revision 5 update on code 11 is in preparation and review





To avoid any ambiguity between the use of code 6 and code 11

- 1			
	6	Congestion in traffic	Disruption of the transport order due to heavy traffic or a traffic accident (not one's own accident, which is reported as equipment accident)

II Force of nature - Unplanned roadblocks

Sudden unplanned roadblocks (=road or tunnel blockages of several hours) caused by extreme weather (storms, mudflows, avalanches, earthquakes, stone falls,..) or severe traffic accidents beyond anyone's control

> **Under whose** control did it happen?





ECTA DIGITALIZATION GUIDELINES DATA & INTERFACE STANDARDS

Why data standards? Why connectivity standards?

- Speak the same language align master data between sender and receiver and avoid manual completion
- IT complexity is growing and so are the maintenance costs of "unstandardized/customized" connections.
- Define rules what data are optional or mandatory at industry level to allow automations
- Reduce adminstration costs along a chain of logistics partners
- Avoid mapping of customized 1-1 individual company specific conections

Intro: ECTA digitilization work group



ECTA's digital Best Practice guidelines since 2019

ECTA BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINE: TRUCK & DRIVER DATA STANDARDS

Read Article

ECTA BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINE: TRANSPORT INVOICING DATA STANDARDS WITHIN BULK CHEMICALS

Read Article

ECTA BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINE: EQUIPMENT MASTER DATA

Read Article

ECTA BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINE: TRANSPORT ORDER DATA STANDARDS WITHIN BULK CHEMICALS

Read Article

ECTA BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINE: DIGITAL DOCUMENTS ECMR AND EECD

Read Article

ECTA BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINE: TRANSPORT VISIBILITY KPI FRAMEWORK FOR SUPPLIER DATA QUALITY

Read Article

ECTA TRANSPORT VISIBILITY BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINE

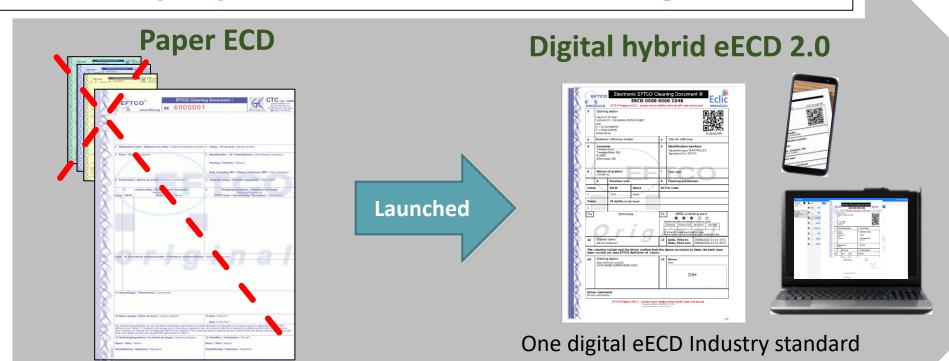
Read Article



The HYBRID eECD 2.0 industry solution



Objectives: Replace paper ECD with a digital eECD 2.0 eECD 2.0 pdf print is a valid EFTCO cleaning document



ECLIC is a "not for profit" project initiative with









More info? www.eclic.eu or

info@eclic.eu



DIGITALIZATION GUIDELINES

BEING prepared for 2025

An ECTA new digital best practice guideline line on

Standardization of Digital Processes in Intermodal Chains











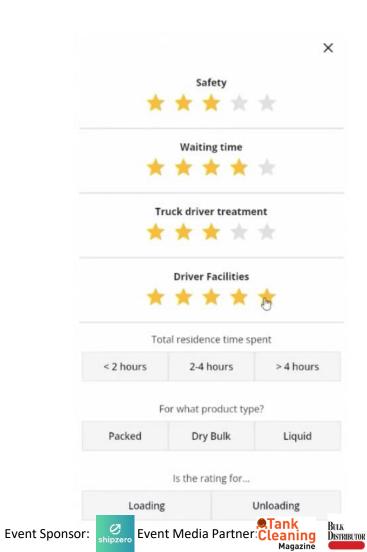


1500+ 980+ Drivers Locations to rate

One third+ of the **ECTA Members** use it already







WHAT HAPPENS WITH THE GATHERED DATA?

- After 30 ratings per location average results will be visible to public in APP
- Official ECTA Reportings: started!
- ECTA will follow up with locations to inform them about their trends and improvement recommendations – as benefit for the listed locations and to show drivers that their voice matters!
- All reportings are anonymous at all times





WHAT DO THE SHIPPERS THINK?

- Different shippers agreed to a cooperation with the ECTA Drivers APP
- Drivers get reminded to rate at the locations
- ECTA reports annually to locations to inform them about problem areas and benchmarks









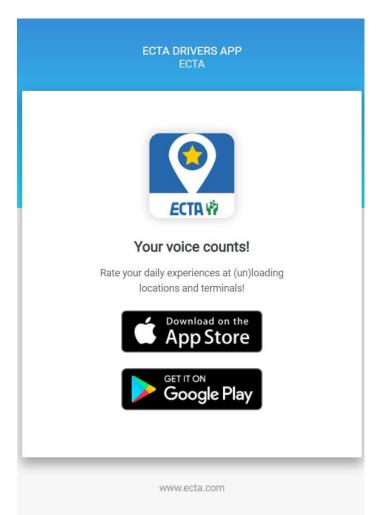
WHAT DO THE DRIVERS THINK?

- ECTA rewarded the most active drivers with Certificates
- Drivers actively submit location data
- Overall feedback is positive ECTA sees increase in engagement since Native APP (Summer 2024)









DOWNLOAD NOW!











WOMEN IN LOGISTICS

Fostering Gender Parity









INTRO MOVIES

https://www.essers.com/women-in-logistics-fostering-male-female-parity/

Essers event Sept 3rd - aftermovie

Women in Logistics: chart



VISION

We believe in a **Better Tomorrow** by empowering **Europe's** d representation by female and male.



MISSION

Our mission is to achieve a male female parity in Europe Through the establishment of an Ecosystem, we aim to policy and practice. We envision a future where the log First, we focus on male-female parity. To achieve this, force, we foster a consortium as a living example of co



ECTA Responsible Care 2030 Charter

The principles of Responsible Care as defined for global use by the Chemical Industry in general, and more specifically by Cefic for Europe as referred to in the Cefic-ECTA Responsible Care Agreement, form the basis of ECTA's Responsible Care Program. Since the implementation of Responsible Care by ECTA in 2009 the basic principles still apply but the world around us continues to change and evolve. For that reason, ECTA's Board of Directors has decided that specific areas of attention in the program need to be redefined or to be made more specific. This amended program is called "ECTA Responsible The key focus areas for expanded definition are:

The limitation of waste.

In addition to the focus on prevention of plastic pellet loss illustrated through our support for Operation Clean Sweep, we realise the importance of the circular economy and encourage the use of alternative fuels derived from waste streams and encourage the use of recycled materials.

ECTA will continue to align with the targets set within the EU through the Green Deal and Fit for 55 programmes. We support and encourage standardised emission reporting in line with ISO14083 and the GLEC Framework and believe in a far sighted road map for emission reduction which includes: facilitating the switch from road to intermodal journeys, new engine and fuel technologies and the supporting infrastructure required to promote widespread adoption of these technologies. Over the coming years, many of our members will need to meet the requirements of the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD) and the European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS). ECTA will strive to support and inform the members of their duties under these new directives.

The limitation of injury incidents.

In order to continue to drive incident rates down, ECTA will seek closer collaboration with Cefic to influence the loading and unloading plants to keep driver and operator safety at the forefront of their operations. In addition, we continue to encourage our members and their supply chain partners to Equality, Diversity & Inclusion.

As a new focus area under Responsible Care, ECTA will create awareness and include commitments to Equality, Diversity & Inclusion in support of UN social development goals. More specifically, ECTA will support a "Women in Logistics" initiative to strive to create an environment and culture in chemical

We, the European Chemical Transport Association, invite all of our stakeholders to join us in our efforts to work towards improvements and ensure that the environmental, social and economic values of ECTA's Responsible Care 2030 program are of significance in helping to achieve the challenging



gap with equal

end to influencing nclusion, and safety.

ship. As a driving nen and women.









Wil - content pillars





diversity

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• Bertschi

- Eastman
- Objective: Increase female representation in Leadership
- Next Step:
- Project Charter
- > What is the Warehouse of opportunities?
- > Leverage: existing proven evidence



• Den Hartogh

• Dow

- Objective: Attract and **Retain Female Drivers**
- Next Step:
- Project Charter
- > What is the Warehouse of opportunities?
- > Leverage: existing proven evidence
- https://www.womenintru cking.org/
- IRU | World Road **Transport Organisation**



- H.Essers
- Covestro
- LYB
- Objective: Attract and Retain Female Blue Collars
- Next Step:
- Project Charter
- ➤ What is the Warehouse of opportunities?
- > Leverage: existing proven evidence
- https://wisci.mit.edu/
- Adecco







Be part of the movement to close the gender gap in logistics, promoting diversity, innovation, and better business outcomes for all.

JOIN US IN DRIVING THE CHANGE

FOLLOW US ON LINKEDIN

Https://www.essers.com/women-in-logistics-fostering-male-female-parity/





Q&A